

DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE

COURSE OUTLINE – WINTER 2017

BC3200 (A3): Structure and Catalysis – 3 (3-0-0) 45 Hours for 15 Weeks

INSTRUCTOR: Philip Johnson **PHONE:** 2863

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OFFICE HOURS: T.B.A.

CALENDAR DESCRIPTION: The relationships between structure and function in biological molecules will be illustrated in detail. The course covers the structure of proteins; techniques used to study proteins; contractile proteins and immunoglobulins as illustrations of protein function; enzyme catalysis' kinetics and regulation; structural carbohydrates and glycobiology; the structure of lipids; biological membranes and mechanisms of transport; molecular mechanisms in biosignalling.

PREREQUISITE(S)/COREQUISITE: BC 2000, CH 1020 and CH 2630

REQUIRED TEXT/RESOURCE MATERIALS:

Chapters 3-7, 10-12

Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry (5th Edition)

David Nelson & Michael Cox

W.H. Freeman and Company 2008

(The 4th Edition (2005) of this text is also acceptable)

DELIVERY MODE(S): Self-study – meeting 1 hour per week (to be scheduled)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Appreciation of the relationship between molecular structure and function in respect to biological systems.
- 2. To develop critical thinking skills regarding biochemistry

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

- 1. Knowledge of structure, properties and functions of biological molecules
- 2. Knowledge of techniques used to isolate and analyze biological molecules
- **3.** Knowledge of structure and role of biological membranes
- **4.** Understanding of the mechanisms used by cells to respond to stimuli

TRANSFERABILITY: Biochemistry 320 (University of Alberta)

Notes: 1. Students with grades of less than B- in pre-requisite courses require consent of the instructor to enroll in BC 3200.

2. BC 3200 may not be taken for credit if credit has already

been obtained in BC 2030 or BC 2050.

EVALUATIONS: Mid-term Exam I 30%

Mid-term Exam II 30% Final Exam 40%

GRADING CRITERIA: Please note that most universities will not accept your course for transfer credit **IF** your grade is **less than C-**.

Alpha	4-point	Percentage	Alpha	4-point	Percentage
Grade	Equivalent	Guidelines	Grade	Equivalent	Guidelines
A+	4.0	90-100	C+	2.3	67-69
A	4.0	85-89	С	2.0	63-66
A-	3.7	80-84	C-	1.7	60-62
B+	3.3	77-79	D+	1.3	55-59
В	3.0	73-76	D	1.0	50-54
B-	2.7	70-72	F	0.0	00-49

^{*}Warning: Although we strive to make the transferability information in this document up-to-date and accurate, the student has the final responsibility for ensuring the transferability of this course to Alberta Colleges and Universities. Please consult the Alberta Transfer Guide for more information. You may check to ensure the transferability of this course at Alberta Transfer Guide main page http://www.transferalberta.ca or, if you do not want to navigate through few links, at http://alis.alberta.ca/ps/tsp/ta/tbi/onlinesearch.html?SearchMode=S&step=2

^{**} Grade of D or D+ may not be acceptable for transfer to other post-secondary institutions. **Students** are cautioned that it is their responsibility to contact the receiving institutions to ensure transferability

COURSE SCHEDULE/TENTATIVE TIMELINE:

		Text readings	
week	topic	4 th edition	5 th edition
1	Amino acids, peptides and proteins		
	Amino acids		
	Common structural features	76-77	72-74
	Classification by R-group	78-80	74-77
	Uncommon amino acids	80-81	77-78
	Functions as acids and bases	81-85	78-81
	Peptides and proteins		
	Composition of peptides	85-86	82
	Sizes of active peptides and polypeptides	86-87	83-84
	Composition and additional chemical groups	87-88	84
	Levels of protein structure	88	92
2	Working with proteins		
	Separation, purification and column	7-8, 89-92	7-8, 85-88
	chromatography	7-0, 09-92	7-0, 03-00
	Electrophoresis	92-95	88-91
	Activity and Specific Activity	94-95	91-92
	Covalent Structure of proteins		
	Primary structure determines function	96-97	93
	Sequence determination	97-104	93-100
	Chemical synthesis of peptides	104-106	100-102
	Biochemical information from primary sequence	106	}102-106
	Primary sequence and evolution	106-110	j 102-100
3	Three-dimensional structure of proteins		
	Overview		
	Stabilization of protein conformation	116-118	113-115
	Peptide bonds and Ramachandran Plots	118-120	115-117
	Protein Secondary structure		
	Structure and stability of the α -helix	120-122	117-120
	β -sheets and β -turns	123-124	120-121
	Bond angles and amino acid content	124	121-123
	Tertiary and Quarternary structure		
	Fibrous proteins (inc. Boxes 4-2 & 4-3)	125-129	123-129
	Globular proteins	129-135	129-131
	Determination of 3-D structure	Box 4-4	Box 4-5

	Structural patterns in globular proteins	138-141	131-136
	Structural classification	141-144	136-138
	Quarternary structure	144-146	138-140
	Denaturation and folding		
	Denaturation and renaturation	147-148	140-142
	Polypeptide folding	148-151	142-143
	Chaperones and assisted folding	151-153	143-145
4	Protein functions, interactions, molecular motors		
	Ligands and binding	157-158	153-154
	Myosin and actin	182-184	175-176
	Thin and thick filaments	184-185	176-177
	Sliding filaments and muscle contraction	185-186	178-179
5	MID-TERM EXAM I	100 100	1,01,7
6	Enzymes		
	Introduction		
	Importance of enzymes	190-191	183
	Enzymes, cofactors and classification	191-193	183-185
	How enzymes work		
	Active sites, reaction coordinate diagrams	193-195	186-188
	Definitions – reaction equilibria and rates	195-196	188
	Catalytic power and enzyme specificity	196-200	188-192
	Types of catalysis	200-202	192-194
7	Enzyme kinetics and mechanisms		
		202-205,	194-197,
	Substrate concentration and reaction rates	Box 6-1	Box 6-1
	Kinetic parameters for comparing activity	205-207	197-200
	Bisubstrate enzyme-catalyzed reactions	207-208	200
	5	208-212,	201-204,
	Enzyme inhibitors	Box 6.2	Box 6-2
	Activity and pH	212	204
	Examples		
	Chymotrypsin	213-218	205-211
	Hexokinase	218-219	212
	Enolase	219 & 222	213
	Regulatory enzymes		
	Allosteric enzymes and pathway regulation	225-227	220-222
	Kinetic properties of allosteric enzymes	227-228	222
	Regulation by covalent modification	228-232	223-227

8	Carbohydrates and glycobiology		
	Monosaccharides and disaccharides		
	Aldoses, ketoses and stereoisomers	238-240	235-238
	Cyclic structures	240-243	238-239
	Hexose derivatives	243-244	240-241
	Glycosidic bonds	245-246	243-244
	Polysaccharides		
	Homopolysaccharides	247-250	244-247
	Homopolysaccharide folding	250-252	247-248
	Heteropolysaccharides	252-255	249-252
9	Glycoconjugates		
	Proteoglycans, glycoproteins, glycolipids	255-261	252-257
	Carbohydrates as informational molecules		
	Lectins and the "sugar code"	262-267	258-263
	Working with carbohydrates	267-268	263-265
	Glycosylation and protein targetting	1068-1071	1100-1104
10	MID-TERM EXAM 2		
11	Lipids		
	Storage lipids		
	Fatty acids	343-345	343-345
	Triacylglycerols	345-348	346-348
	Waxes	348	349
	Membrane lipids		
	Glycerophospholipids	348-350	349-352
	Galactolipids	351	352
	Sphingolipids	352-354	352-355
	Sterols (cholesterol)	354-355	355-357
	Lipids as signals, cofactors and pigments	357	357
12	Biological membranes and transport		
-	Composition and architecture of membranes		
	Characteristic lipids and proteins	369-371	371-373
	Lipid bilayer	371-373	373-374
	Integral and peripheral proteins	373-375	375-377

	Topology of integral proteins	376-378	378-379	
	Covalent attachment of proteins to lipids	379	379-380	
	Membrane dynamics			
	Ordering of acyl groups in a bilayer	380-381	381	
	Transbilayer movement of lipids	381-382	381-383	
	Lateral diffusion of lipids and proteins	382-383	383-384	
	Membrane rafts	383-385	384-386	
	Cell-to-cell interactions and adhesion	385-386	388	
	Membrane fusion	387-389	387-388	
13	Solute transport across membranes			
	Types of transport	389-393	389-391	
	Facilitated diffusion	393-395	391-393	
	Primary active transport	397-400	395-399	
	Secondary active transport	402-406	400-404	
	Ionophores (valinomycin)	406	404	
	Aquaporins	406-408	404-406	
14	Biosignalling			
	Mechanisms of signal transduction			
	Biological signals	421	419	
	Overview of mechanisms	422-424	419-420	
	Fundamental signaling systems	424	420-424	
	Lipids as signals, cofactors and pigments			
	Phosphatidylinositol and sphingosine	257 250 442	357-358,	
	derivatives	357-358, 442	432-433	
	Eicosanoids – paracrine hormones	358-359	358-359	
	Steroid hormones	359-360, 465-466	359, 456-457	
	Vitamins A & D – hormone precursors	360-362	360-361	
	Vitamins A & B – normone precursors Vitamins E & K	362-363	361-362	
15	Gated ion channels	302-303	301-302	
13	Electrical signaling	425-426	449-451	
	Acetylcholine receptor (ligand-gated)	426-427	453	
	Receptor enzymes	720 727	733	
	Insuline receptor (tyrosine kinase)	429-430	439	
	G-protein receptors and second messengers	12) 130	.57	
	β-adrenergic receptor and cAMP	435-439	423-430	
	Desensitization	439-441	430-431	
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Second messengers	441-445	431-439
Vision, olfaction and gustation		
Light and the visual signal	456-459	461-465
Olfaction and gustation	460-462	465-467
Common features of G-protein systems	462-464	467-469

STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES:

Since this is a self-study course, students must complete the assigned readings each week and come to seminars prepared with questions.

STATEMENT ON PLAGIARISM AND CHEATING:

Cheating and plagiarism will not be tolerated and there will be penalties. For a more precise definition of plagiarism and its consequences, refer to the Student Conduct section of the College Calendar at http://www.gprc.ab.ca/programs/calendar/ or the College Policy on Student Misconduct: Plagiarism and Cheating at https://www.gprc.ab.ca/about/administration/policies

^{**}Note: all Academic and Administrative policies are available on the same page.