GRANDE PRAIRIE REGIONAL COLLEGE BI 1070 A3 INTRODUCTION TO CELL BIOLOGY

1499

Jay 109

Instructor:

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Description:

All life functions are based on cells, and this course will provide an introduction to cell structure and function. Major topics will include the origin of life, the development of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell lineages, energy conversions, the compartmentation of biochemical functions within a cell and communication from cell to cell. The genetic control of cell activities is examined through methods of molecular genetic analysis and their application in genetic engineering and biotechnology.

Text-books: "Biology" (4th edition) 1993

Neil A. Campbell

Benjamin Cummings Pub. Co., California

Biology 1070 Lab Manual

Requirements:

Since participation in lectures and completion of assignments are important components of this course, students will serve their best interests by regular attendance. Those who choose not to attend must assume whatever risks are involved. In this regard, your attention is directed to the Academic Guidelines of Grande Prairie Regional College.

All assignments must be completed and handed to the instructor by the date specified.

Late assignments will not be marked.

Students must attend the laboratory session and complete the exercise in order to receive credit for lab reports.

Lectures:

MWF 11:00 - 11:50, J228

Labs:

Wed., Thurs. 15:00 - 17:50

Evaluation:

TOPIC OUTLINE

Le	cture	Topic	Chapter
	1.	Macromolecules and inorganic constituents	5
	2.	Origins of Living Systems:	24, 25
		- organic molecules	24, 25
		- heterotrophs and cyanobacteria	
	3.	Introduction to Metabolism:	6
		- metabolic maps	
		- enzymes and metabolism	
		- control of metabolism	
	4.	Membrane structure and function:	8
		- fluid mosaic model	Š
		- permeability and transport	
		- procaryotic and eucaryotic difference	es
	5.	Procaryotes:	25
		- importance	25
		- morphology	
		- cell walls (Gram +ve and Gram -ve)	
		- Archaebacteria and Eubacteria	
	6.	Procaryotic cell structures:	25
		- surface structures	25
		- motility	
		- internal structures	
	7.	Procaryotic cell structures:	17 05
		- genome	17, 25
		- genetic exchange	
	8.	Procaryotic growth:	
	169	- endospores	11, 25
		- binary fission	
		- colonial growth, growth curves	
	9.	Viruses:	17
		- structure and replication	17
		- viral infection	
		- bacteriophage (lytic/lysogenic cycles)
	10.	Animal Viruses:	17
		- reproductive cycles	1,
		- viral diseases	
		- viruses and oncogenes	
		- viroids and prions	
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Lecture	Topic	Chapter
11.	Eucaryotic cell structure: - nucleus, ribosomes, E.R lysosomes, vacuoles - cell wall synthesis	7
12.	Eucaryotic cell structure: - cytoskeleton - contractility	7
13.	Eucaryotic cell structure: - mitochondria - chloroplasts	7
14.	Cellular respiration: - ATP - Redox reactions - respiration	9
15.	Procaryotic anaerobic metabolism: - fermentation - anaerobic respiration - facultative anaerobes	9
16.	Aerobic respiration: - Glycolysis - Kreb's Cycle - electron transport chain - oxidative phosphorylation	9
17.	Eucaryotic anaerobic respiration: - energy utilization - anaerobiasis - carbohydrate metabolism	9
18.	MID-TERM EXAM	
19.	Mitosis and the Cell Cycle:	11
20.	Meiosis and sexual life cycles:	12
21.	Nucleic Acids: - composition - complementary base pairing	5, 15
22.	Eucaryotic chromosome organization	18
23.	DNA Replication:	15

cture	Topic	Chapter
24.	Genes, proteins and the genetic code:	16
25.	Transcription:	1202
	- RNA-polymerase	16
	- processing of mRNA	
26.	Translation:	16
	- tRNA and codon recognition	10
	- translation at ribosomal level	
	- post-translational modifications	
27.	Protein trafficking and targeting:	16
	- peptide signal sequences	10
	- protein sorting	
	- protein secretion	
28.	Mutations:	16
29.	Transcriptional control:	17
	- negative control by repression	17
	- negative control by induction	
	- positive control	
30.	Recombinant DNA:	19
	- restriction endonucleases	
	 mapping restriction fragments 	
31.	Recombinant DNA:	19
	- splicing genes into vectors	
	- expression of cloned genes (cDNA)	
32.	Recombinant DNA:	19
	- PCR	
	- RFLP's	
	- uses	
33.	Signal transduction:	41
	- hormones	
	- pheromones	
	- second regulators	
34.	Signal transduction:	41
	 second messenger systems 	
	- steroid hormones	
	- oncogenes	