GRANDE PRAIRIE REGIONAL COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

EC 1010

INTRODUCTION TO MICROECONOMIC

INSTRUCTOR:

EBBY ASLANI

FALL WINTER 1992

OFFICE:

C 423 D 208

CLASS: PHONE:

539 2973

OFFICE HRS:

Mon., Wed., Fri. 11:00 - 12:00

or By appointment

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To introduce students to the basic concepts and techniques of microeconomic analysis. Attention will be paid to the theory of supply and demand, concepts of elasticity and utility, efficiency implications at competitive and non-competitive markets, government intervention, and management of external benefits. Whenever possible, emphasis will be given to Canadian problems.

 High school level of algebra will be used extensively in this course.

TEXT BOOK:

Principal Text: R. G. Lipsey, D. D. Purvis and P. O. Steiner Macroeconomics, Seventh Canadian Edition, Harper Collins, 1991.

Workbook: E. K. grant, W. J. Furlong. R. G. Lipsey and D. D. Purvis Study Guide to Accompany economics, Seventh Canadian Edition, Harper Collins, 1991.

- * Students who are planning to enrol in EC 1010 and EC 1020 introductory Micro & Macro Economics, may wish to purchase a combined Micro-Macro Economics text, Economics, Seventh Canadian Edition by the same authors.
- * Also, you may fine it useful to review the following texts:

Microeconomics, Second Canadian Edition, Blomqvist, Wonnacott and Wonnacott, McGraw-Hill Ryerson, 1990.

Economics, Sixth Edition, Samuelson, Nordhaus and McCallum, McGraw-Hill Ryerson, 1988.

Annual Editions. Macroeconomics 90/91, The Dushkin Publishing group, 1990.

STUDENT EVALUATION:

Grade will be assigned on the bases of student performance in two assignments, two multiple choice exams, one 50-minute midterm exam, and one 3-hour final exam. The exam's dates and weights are as follows:

Assignment #1	Friday,	Oct.	9	10%
Mul Choice Exam #1	Friday,	Oct.	23	10%
Mid-Term Exam	Friday,	Oct.	30	20%
Assignment #2	Friday,	Nov.	20	10%
Mul Choice Exam #2	Friday,	Nov.	27	10%
Final Exam				40%

GRADE DETERMINATION:

 After each assignment or examination is graded, I shall calculate the average grade for class. Sometimes the average will be low because of difficulty of the question and/or the high standard required while grading. when this happens, I shall calculate an adjustment factor, Y, according to the formula

Y = ("desired" average grade)/(actual average grade)

where for a normal class, the "desired" average grade will be equal to 68. Thus Y > 1, then each individual's grade will be adjusted by multiplying the actual grade on the assignment (or examination) by the adjusted factor, Y. This adjusted grade is registered in the class records. [If the average grade for the class is above the "desired average grade" no adjustment will take place.]

2. All adjusted grades are first recorded as percentages. After the final exam, the weighted average (.2 mid-term exam, .1 each assignment .1 each multiple choice and .4 final-exam) of the percentages will be converted to the college nine-point system according to the following table:

9	=	90%	_	100%	4	=	50%	$\overline{}$	56%
8	=	80%	-	89%	3	=	45%	\overline{a}	498
7	-	72%	-	79%	2	=	26%	_	448
6	=	65%	-	71%	1	=	0%	77	25%
		57%		64%					

NOTE:

Except for the adjustment of the raw grades of assignment or exams, grades are not changed. Moreover, the final grades are not determined with reference to any curve. As well, at any point of

time student may find out exactly where he/she stands (compared with his/her goal.)

COURSE OUTLINE:

The suggested articles are generally considered to be an important and helpful approach to students understanding of text materials. You will find them under reserved section in library.

A. INTRODUCTION

A.	INTE	INTRODUCTION						
	1.	Problems and Goals of Economics	Ch.	1				
		S. E. Rhoads, "Kind Hearts and Opportunity <u>Annual Edition, Economics 90/91, Article 1,</u> 11, The Dushkin Publishing Group, 1990.						
	2.	Economics As a Social Science	Ch.					
	3.	An overview of the Market Economy	Ch.	3				
в.	A G	A GENERAL VIEW OF THE PRICE SYSTEM						
	1	Demand, Supply, and Price	Ch.	4				
	2.	Elasticity and Market Adjustment	Ch.	5				
	3.	Supply and Demand in Action	ch.	6				
c.	The	The Theory of Consumption						
	1.	Household Consumption Behaviour	Ch.	7				
	2.	Market Demand	Ch.	8				
D.	The	The Theory of Production						
	1.	The Role of the Firm	Ch.					
	2.	Cost and Supply: The Short-Run	Ch.1	0				
	3.	Cost and Supply: The Long-Run	Ch.1	1				
E.,	MARI	KETS AND PRICING						
	1.	Competitive markets	Ch.1	2				
	2.	Monopoly	Ch.1	.3				
	3.	Imperfect Competition	Ch.1	4				
	4.	Economic Efficiency and Price Policy	Ch.1	.5				
F.	Income Distribution							
	1.	Factor Mobility and Factor Pricing	Ch.1	.7				
	2.	Demands for Factors of Production	Ch.1	8				
59	3.	Wage Determination	Ch.1	.9				

G. INTERNATIONAL TRADE

1. The Gains from Trade Ch.20 2. Barriers to Free Trade Ch.21

H. THE MARKET ECONOMY: PROBLEMS AND POLICIES

- Benefits and Costs of Govt. Intervention Ch.22
 Taxation and Public Expenditure Ch.24
- * * Due to the limited time, we may not be able to cover all of the above, but we will try.

NOTES:

- Because economics is a study of human behaviour and heavily depends on theoretical framework than a body of information, it is important that attendance at lectures be regular. The best way to learn economics is to engage in the step by step development of the theory.
- It is strongly advisable that the appropriate chapters are read prior to each lecture since this is generally considered to be an important and helpful approach to the study of economics.
- The accompanying study guide provides an excellent means whereby students may test themselves about their understanding of the text materials.
- 4. Pailure to withdraw from the course before the official withdrawal deadline may result in an "F" grade because a mark of 0% will be assigned to the incomplete portion of the course work.
- Absence from the class will not be accepted as a legitimate reason for failure to attend an exam on time.
- 6. Students are advised to consult the academic schedule, published in the College Calender, as to the dates set aside for scheduling of final exams and not to make plans for travel, holidays, employment, etc. which would affect their availability to write an exam on any of those days until the final exam schedule is determined.
- 7. Students are encouraged to contact the instructor regarding any questions pertaining to course materials or their performance in the course. Remember that your instructor is here to help you learn, not to make things hard for you. It is a great pleasure to see you in the office for consultation and discussion regarding the course, whenever you feel the need......

BEST WISHES